

- (a) With a Code of Ethics;
- (b) Whose surveyors are familiar with the requirements of this chapter related to commercial fishing industry vessels;
- (c) Whose surveyors are familiar with the operations and equipment on board commercial fishing industry vessels;
- (d) Whose only interest in the fishing industry is in ensuring the safety of commercial fishing industry vessels and surveying commercial fishing industry vessels;
- (e) That has grievance procedures;
- (f) That has procedures for accepting and terminating membership of an individual, including minimum professional qualifications for surveyors;
- (g) That maintains a roster of present and past accepted members and surveyors; and
- (h) That has an Apprentice/Associate program for surveyors.

§28.76 Similarly qualified organizations.

An organization desiring to be designated by the Commandant as a similarly qualified organization must request such designation in writing. As a minimum the organization must verify that it—

- (a) Publishes standards for vessel design and construction which are as widely available as and which are of similar content to the standards published by the ABS;
- (b) Performs periodic surveys in a wide range of localities during and after construction to ensure compliance with published standards, including drydock examinations, in a manner similar to the ABS;
- (c) Issues certificates testifying to compliance with the published standards;
- (d) Has as its primary concern the survey and classification of vessels;
- (e) Has no interest in owning or operating fishing, fish processing, or fish tender vessels; and
- (f) Maintains records of surveys and makes such records available to the Coast Guard upon request in a manner similar to the ABS.

§28.80 Report of casualty.

- (a) Except for a casualty which is required to be reported to the Coast

Guard on Form CG 2692 in accordance with part 4 of this chapter, the owner, agent, operator, master, or individual in charge of a vessel involved in a casualty must submit a report in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section, as soon as possible after the casualty, to the underwriter of primary insurance for the vessel or to an organization listed in paragraph (d) of this section whenever the casualty involves any of the following.

- (1) Loss of life.
- (2) An injury that requires professional medical treatment (treatment beyond first aid) and that renders the individual unfit to perform his or her routine duties.
- (3) Loss of a vessel.
- (4) Damage to or by a vessel, its cargo, apparel or gear, except for fishing gear while not on board a vessel, or that impairs the seaworthiness of the vessel, or that is initially estimated at \$2,500.00 or more.
- (b) Each underwriter of primary insurance for a commercial fishing industry vessel must submit a report of each casualty involving that vessel to an organization listed in paragraph (d) of this section within 90 days of receiving notice of the casualty and whenever it pays a claim resulting from the casualty. Initial reports must be in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section. Subsequent reports must contain sufficient information to identify the casualty and any new or corrected casualty data.
- (c) Each report of casualty must include the following information:
 - (1) The name and address of the vessel owner and vessel operator, if different than the vessel owner;
 - (2) The name and address of the underwriter of primary insurance for the vessel;
 - (3) The name, registry number, call sign, gross tonnage, year of build, length, and hull material of the vessel;
 - (4) The date, location, primary cause, and nature of the casualty;
 - (5) The specific fishery, intended catch, and length of fishery opening when applicable;
 - (6) The date that the casualty was reported to the underwriter of primary